

Within the city limits of Shibetsu, the excavation of archaeological remains have been confirmed at 46 sites. One such site is the Kamishibetsu Archaeological Site which has been registered as a designated cultural property of the city.

The Kamishibetsu Archaeological Site is the approximately 6,000-year-old remains of a Jomon period settlement which was excavated in Kamishibetsu-cho and registered as a designated cultural property of Shibetsu City in 1978. With the excavation of dwelling sites and nearly 600 artifacts, including stone tools and earthenware, these remains serve as a valuable resource for understanding how people lived at the time.





The Tayoro Archaeological Site is Jomon period settlement which was excavated in Tayoro-cho and where a rare type of earthenware known as *oshigata-mon* pottery was unearthed.

Many historical remains are thought to remain throughout the city and new discoveries are anticipated with further excavations.